With support from The Eric Voegelin Institute,

The Department of Philosophy & Religious Studies presents:



Dr. Robert Pasnau

College Professor of Distinction at the University of Colorado Boulder

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October 13 · 12:30 - 2:00 P.M. Hill Memorial Library Lecture Hall Room 104, with reception to follow

Two Theories of Self-Control

When Thomas Hobbes, in the middle of the 17th century, reluctantly took up the problem of free will in his exchange with Bramhall, he blamed medieval scholastic philosophy for having fatally obscured the true nature of the problem. In a way, he is very much correct, because the medieval approach to the problem exemplifies the understanding of self-control that Hobbes seeks to reject: the idea that we control ourselves because we have a will that can exercise second-order control over our volitions. Hobbes' approach, however, is hardly new. Indeed, its clearest statement goes back to Augustine, at the start of the Middle Ages. On the Augustinian approach, our volitions are self-reflexively under their own control, with no need and no possibility of securing any sort of higher-level control.

Please email Kimberly Roser (kroser@lsu.edu) for questions about this event.

